Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]
NORFOLK, September 19, 1885.
Some thirty or forty delegates from the Baptist churches of Norfolk, Portsmouth, and neighborhood, with the various ministers, leave here on Monday to attend the Portsmouth Baptist Association, which meets with the church at Black Creek, Southampton county, on Tuesday, Besides other, important business to be brought up, the subject of a division of the Association will be considered at this meeting. The delegates from this section will be entertained at Franklin, on the Seaboard and Roanoke railroad, on Monday night, and conveyed to Black Creek, nine miles distant, the next morning.

The trial (second trial) of Dr. John D. Pitts, of Accomack county, for the murder of Dr. Littleton T. Waller over a year ago on Tangier Island, which was postponed at the August term of the County Court, comes up on Monday. There are thirty-three witnesses for the Commonwealth and six for the defence summoned, and the trial will probably last a week.

All the colored preachers of Norfolk and Portsmouth appeared before the joint ferry committee, managing Norfolk and Portsmouth ferries, last evening to urge that they be allowed to occupy the cabins of the steamers and waiting rooms at the landings assigned to white people, and that all accommodations on the ferries be used in common by whites and blacks. The cabins and waitingrooms for colored people are fitted up precisely like those assigned to the whites, but the negroes are not satisfied with this. The ferry committee, I am sure, will not grant the petition, on the ground that their rules are for the maintenance of good order on the ferry

There was a shooting affair on Washington street early this morning between two citizens which is likely to reach the courts. No serious injury. The Atlantic Iron-Works, near Fort Norfolk, were sold at auction to-day for \$25,000, A. A. McCullough pur

chaser. The works are to resume operations. The wife of Professor N. B. Webster died to-day.

The Independent Republicans of Norfolk county have issued a call to

DANVILLE.

nominate candidates for the Legisla-

Teacher Elected-Prisoner Bailed - A Fugitive enrienders Himself-Church to be Dedicated- New Tobucco-Theatre Wanted. [Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

SEPTEMBER 19, 1885. At a meeting of the trustees of the public schools held last night, Mr. Junius E. Leigh, principal of the white school the last session, was again elected principal. A telegram was sent him to come on immediately and enter

upon duty.

I wrote the Dispatch on the 18th of August that a white man named W. T. Hood had been shot a night or two before at a dance-party in the Mountain-fill section of this county. Hood died a few days afterwards, and James W. Willis (white man) was arrested for the murder. Willis had been held in Cha-tham jail till a few days ago, and was

In October, 1884, Mr. W. P. Mc-Cain, about five miles from town, was assaulted by two or three men in his store and so beaten that it was thought he would die. Two of the men charged with the assault, Joe Wynn and Bob Lee Ramey, escaped to Charlotte, N. C., and, though they were arrested there, somehow or other they were not brought to Virginia. A few days ago Bob Lee Randey surrendered himself to the authorities at Chatham and was al-

lowed bail by Judge Davis. Rev. Br. Burrows, of Norfolk, has agreed to preach the sermon at the dedication of the new Baptist church (on the first Sunday in October), and Professor Home, of the University of North Carolina, formerly paster of this flock, has consented to speak on "The Mission of the Church." Rev. Dr. Holmes, of Savannah, Ga., formerly pastor of the church, had to decline the invitation to take a prominent part in the dedication services on account o very important and unavoidable business. The pastors preceding Drs. Holmes and Hume-Chaplin, Lacy. Ferguson, and Prichard-have all

passed away. Some lots of new tobacco have been put upon the market at averages respectively of \$5.25, \$18.25, and \$11.25. As the Opera-House is being converted into store-houses there appears a growing demand for the formation of a joint-stock company to build another house and make it after the most approved style of theatre.

Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Stella P. Smith, daughter of Mr. Samul P. Smith, of Charlotte, N. C., to Mr. Fleming D. Swann, of this place, in the Presbyterian church in Charlotte on the 23d instant. ALPHA.

A Fatal Mistake-Arsenic Instead of

Salts. [Special telegram to the Dispatch.] DANVILLE, VA., September 19 .-Mrs. Younger, wife of Mr. R. W. Younger, a merchant at Cascade, took a quantity of arsenic this morning, nistaking it for salts. Dr. Estes was called in, but his efforts for her were unavailing, and she died about 3 P. M. Mrs. Younger was the daughter of Mr. Robert Prunty, of Franklin county.

Bemocratte Meeting in Charles City. Mr. R. Y. Thomas, of Isle of Wight, made a fine impression in his speech at Charles City Courthouse the other day.

A correspondent writes : Captain John Lamb introduced Mr. Thomas in eloquent and appropriate language. The speech of Mr. Thomas was one of the ablest presentations of the claims of the Democratic party to popular support that has been made here for a long time. I have no time to give even a synopsis, but will say that he drew a parallel between the political methods and practices of Aaron Burr in New York in 1800 and those of Mahone in Virginia in 1881 and 1882 and now that was very striking. His discussion of the subject of Democratic legislation on the Riddleberger settlement was able. The contrast between the principles and practices of the two parties was drawn with great power, and his appeal to the Democrats to do

their whole duty was irresistible. Delegates were appointed to meet the New Kent delegation at the Forge on the 26th.

Preparing to Receive Lee.

(Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch. LURAY, September 19, 1885. The Democrats here are making preparations to give General Lee an enthusiastic reception when he visits Luray on the 28th instant. Prospects are good for a Democratic triumph in this county at the November election. T.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] NEW YORK, September 19 .- The steamship Republic, of the White Star

Line, was in collision with the steamer Aurania, of the Cunard Company, at 3:30 P. M. to-day about three ship-lengths from the inner Farewell buoy, in Gidney's channel. Both vessels were outward bound. The Republic had her stem broken off about two feet above the water line, while the

feet above the water line, while the Aurania was damaged on the port counter. None of the passengers or crew of the steamer were injured. The Aurania lowered a boat to ascertain the extent of the Republic's damage, but shortly afterward proceed-ed on her journey. The Republic was making her first trip under the charter held by the Inman Line. A sail was placed over her damaged stem and she was steamed back to her dock. Her injuries will detain her here for two weeks. A panic occurred among the women and children aboard the Republic at the time of the accident, but it lasted only a short time. The Repub-

lic does not leak. A Pier Burned. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]
NEW YORK, September 19.—The

new and costly covered pier of the Royal Netherlands Mail Steamship Company at the foot of York street Jersey City, was partially destroyed by fire this morning, involving a loss esti-mated to be between forty and sixty thousand dollars. The fire is thought to have been

caused by the ignition of the covering of 196 telegraph- and telephone-wires. which are laid along the stringers of the pier immediately under the floor. They were damaged, and telegraphic communication between Jersey Netherlands pier says that neither fire nor gas is used about the premises. The Western Union Telegraph Com-pany reports that 112 of their wires have been destroyed by this fire. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have lost 54. The New York and New Jertered or entitled to register. We did not sey Telephone Company had 54 wires destroyed. The cable opposite the pier is also broken, and telegraphic commu-nication between New York and New Jersey can only be had by way of the Weehawken cable.

The Murdered Chinese

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] ROCK SPRINGS, September 19 .- In an interview last night Colonel Bee, the Chinese Consul, stated that the present investigation will continue for a week Chinese Government will demand an indenmity from the United States, but Chinese Government will demand an he cannot yet even guess at the amount. So far all the testimony had shown that the Chinese had returned here of their own free will after receiving official assurance from the President that they would be protected if it took the whole army. Though the miners are quiet reached as high as ninety pounds six and no trouble threatens apparently, the soldiers mount guard over the con pany's property at the different min every night, and a strong picket-line is thrown about the freight-cars in which the Chinese are domiciled. The Union Pacific is apparently firm in its determination to put the Chinamen back in the mines here. It is building some sixty cabins for them, and when these are completed "the heathens" will nmence work. The officials of the road here doubt that the Knights of Labor will interfere, but say they will maintain their position in spite of them in case a strike should ensue. Excitement in the Dakota Constitu

tional Convention.
[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] SIOUX FALLS, D. T., September 19. In the Constitutional Convention vesterday, while considering the bill of rights in the Committee of the Whole, Hugh J. Campbell, of Yankton, intro-duced a resolution to the effect that the people have the right at all times to alter, reform, or abolish their form of government in such manner as they may think proper." Judge Edgerton, president of the

Convention, protested against the resolution, and flery speeches were made both for and against this "secession resolution." as it was termed.

The resolution was carried by a vote Pending a motion to report the resolution to the Convention, Judge Edgerton asked that the matter be deferred till to-day, but a motion to adjourn The greatest excitement revails over the matter.

The Georgia Insurance Law.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] NEW YORK, September 19.—In view of dispatches from Georgia received here by fire-insurance companies doing business in that State, indicating the probable passage of the valued-policy law by the Georgia Legislature, a meeting of such companies was held to-day at the rooms of the New York Board of Fire nderwriters, at which it was unaniously resolved "that the passage of the pending bill would compel the companies to decline insuring any property affected by its provisions. All the agents of these companies in

Georgia will be at once notified of this Should the bill become a law a very large amount of property in Georgia will be rendered uninsurable by those companies.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] MONTREAL, September 19 .- The official report made at the health office to-day shows that there were thirtythree deaths from small-pox in this city vesterday. Six cases were reported at Assumption, several miles down the river, and two at Sorel. The Provincial Board has ordered that all inmates of the city prisons be vaccinated.

There were reported to-day three deaths from small-pox at St. Jean Baptiste, three at Cate St. Louis, three at St. Cunegarde, and one at St. Henri. Nuns, making house to house visitations, have discovered 160 new cases of small-pex.

s bout to Resume Work. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] LAWRENCE, MASS., September 19. Frederick Ayer, of Lowell, the pur-chaser of the Washington-Mills property here, announces that he will at once begin to put the mills in operation. The mills stopped their looms on September 3, 1884, there has been much depression in local business, as they gave employment to 2.700 operatives.

The Cotton Supply. By telegraph to the Dispatch. NEW YORK, September 19 .- The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 1,105,472 bales, of which 757,-72 bales are American, against 1,397,-274 bales and 765,874 bales respectively last, year. Receipts from all interior towns, 48,466 bales; receipts from plantations, 94,333 bales. Crop in sight, not reported.

(fly telegraph to the Dispatch.)
NECHE, DAKOTA, September 19.-Olson, who it is supposed assaulted and murdered Miss McEwan in Cavalcar county, a few days ago, was lynched by a mob at Olga, Dakota, last night. He was identified by another girl whom he assaulted while endeavoring to es-

Canon Farrar lectured in Montreal last night. He has accepted the invitation of the Catholic clergy to visit their different institutions.

THE TUCKAHOES ABROAD.

AT LAKESIDE STOCK-FARM. A Great Herd of Holsteins-How They ar

[For the Dispatch.] The Tuckshoe Farmers' Club. of Henrico county, Va., having become somewhat provincialized by long years of routine duty on their farms, and feeling, therefore, the necessity of the infusion of new ideas, determined at their July meeting to take a jaunt North and to visit and inspect a number of the most famous farms in the States of Pennsylvania and New York. In pursuance of this determination, they arrived at Syracuse, N. Y., on the morning of Wednesday the 16th instant. In short order they received an invitation from Messrs. Smiths, Powell, and Lamb, the owners of Lakeside farm, to visit their farm and accept their hospitality. The invitation was gratefully accepted, and so the Club started off in high glee about 10 A. M. in carriages furnished by the proprie-tors of the farm, and in their pleasant company to the farm, distant about two miles from the city of Syracuse and lying in part on Lake Onondaga. On reaching the farm so many matters of interest engaged their attention that only a few can be mentioned, and those

briefly.

The farm comprises 1,700 acres of land, nearly all arable and in the highest state of productiveness, and, except a small part used for nursery purposes, is employed solely for raising food for and New York in consequence is inter-rupted. The superintendent of the 500 head, and more than 100 head of Clydesdale and Hambletonian horses. It was worth a trip to Syracuse to

see this magnificent herd of Holsteins. The herd is divided by families into several herds. Many of these cattle are imported, and all of pure blood, regissee an inferior animal among them. We happened to be present at noon, when all the cows are milked. Prompt to the hour the cows were called, not driven, from the pasture to the barn. It was interesting to see them all take their own stalls, of their own free will. They were fed on bran and ground oats bounteously, for they are large-bodied and demand heavy feeding. The cows are milked three times a day, but some heavy milkers are, of necessity, milked and witnessed the weighing of the milk. The yield was twenty pounds and five ounces. The yield for the day at the same rate would be eighty-one pounds and four ounces, or ten gallons. of the cows (Ægis), whose yield has ounces in a day, was pointed out to us. In the South we measure milk instead of weighing it. In estimating these re-sults we will be very near right in call-

ing a pound a pint.

Without trouble, or scarcely any, a permanent record is kept of the yield of every cow at every milking. The milk-bucket is taken to the office in the barn, weighed quickly, and the result placed on a black-board, which contains the name of every cow. When the milking is over the results are transcribed from the black-board for permanent preservation to a book suitably ruled. As an evidence of the milking capacity of Holstein cows, the following statement by Mr. Powell, a member of the firm, is given : Ten cows averaged in a year 18,113 pounds and 4 ounces; twenty-six cows averaged in a year 16,014 pounds and 14 ounces. Of this number (26), twelve were mature cows, nine were four-year-olds, three were three years old, and two were two years old. The butter yield of these cows has reached as high as twenty-three pounds per week per cow, which makes the butter 4 per cent. of the milk. This is beyond the average of our ordinary cows, but less, of course, than the ave-

rage of Jersev milk. The calves as soon as dropped are taken from their dams and put into the calf-nurseries, where they are fed a few days on fresh and afterwards on skimmed milk. We noticed a peculiar bedding in these calf-pens-somethin which we thought we had never seen before. Upon inquiry we were told it was peat-moss, imported at thirteen dollars per ton from Germany.

A year-old heifer, already in calf, sells from \$250 to \$500. They are be ing sold in all parts of the world. many as a half dozen car-loads of young bulls and heifers have been ship ped in a year to California. Two young alls were pointed out as having been

sold to Honolulu.

After inspecting this farm we were driven to the residence of Mr. Smith, on the suburbs of the city. After an elegant and sumptuous collation, the lub was taken to a contiguous farm belonging to the same firm, where another splendid herd were shown as they were grazing in the pasture. We wer equally pleased by their great size, their beauty, and extreme docility. Conversation was carried on betwee our party and the proprietors whil several gentlemen were resting them elves by reclining on a cow, wh

showed evident signs of contented pleasure at the petting she received. The club was then taken through the most fashionable parts of Syracuse, and admired the tasteful residences, the spacious lawns, and shade-trees. Syracuse has been properly called the City of Parks, and its whole appearance attests the propriety of the designa-

After the drive we were taken for supper to the residence of Mr. Smith, Sr., of the firm, where we were delightfully entertained, and then sent to the depôt to meet our train.

We have not time for remarks upo the pure strains of Clydesdale and Hambletonian horses. All of these animals were pure strains and superb specimens.

The proprietors of this farm are evidently masters of their business, enterprising, liberal, practical. They are open and candid in their business affairs, and win at once the confidence of strangers. They are doing an immense business, and doing it on business prin The younger Mr. Smith carried printed volume with him containing the age, pedigree, &c., of every anima in the immense herd-the largest herd of Holsteins in the world. Every inquiry about any animal was answered at once by observing the number on the collar of the animal. Reference to that and was carried from his car to his number in the book enabled him to give every particular as to age, pedi-gree, &c. It was wonderful to notice with what promptness and accuracy all

this was done.
I must close against my will, and leave many things unsaid. I cannot forego, however, the expression of grateful appreciation by the club of the easy and elegant hospitality and most polite and courteous attention shown by the Messrs. Smiths, Powell, and Lamb, the proprietors of Lake-side THE.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

St. Louis, September 19 .- Information comes from Fort Scott, Kansas, that United States District-Attorney Perry has been instructed to have the indictments quashed and dismiss the

湯はは、湯はりまり、りいとは湯りいる。ちょう、ちゃ cases in the United States Court against some thirty Oklahoma boomers, the latter having vacated the territory and thus complied with the orders of the

NORTH CAROLINA.

Another Farni Kerosene Accident-The Cros

Jail Delivery, &c. (Special telegram to the Dispatch.] RALEIGH, N. C., September 19. The United States topographical and geographical survey party broke camp at Highlands yesterday. The next opera-tions will be in Rabun county, Ga. This is one of a dozen parties operating in the different States and Territories. They commenced about seven years ago, and reorganized under Major Powell four years ago. In winter they meet at Washington and complete the lations and maps. The geological party will follow after the topographical. It will take some years to complete the survey.

Much interest has been manifested in

the detection and capture of Young Eagle, the man who so adroitly robbed the mails between Salisbury and Albemarle. The inspectors caught Eagle last week, and were en route to Salisbury with him, when an accident to a freight train near Chattanooga? Tenn., caused a delay. Both inspectors fell asleep, and Eagle slipped out into the darkness and disappeared. Postmaster Boyden, at Salisbury, has again got on his track and telegraphed the authori-ties at Washington. The postmaster has been the most efficient detective in this instance.

The tobacco crop in Western North Carolina is unquestionably very fine. This is the report from every section. Planters, as a rule, are making a suc cess of curing their crops. Every indication points to a lucrative yield. In Orange county Mrs. Leander Fowler was starting a fire, and using

for that purpose kerosene oil, when the can exploded, setting her clothing on fire and burned every garment from her body. She died yesterday.

The Yadkin Mining and Milling Company has determined to treat at the works of the company near Salisbury

the sulphide ores of that section. This is an important step toward the further development of gold-mining. Applications for the formation of military companies at Shelby and

Salisbury have been made to the Adjutant-General. James A. Robinson, now of the Winston Leader, will dispose of that paper and become editor of the Goldsboro'

Argus in a fortnight. The cotton-worm is reported as doing

much damage to the crop in Pamlico county. Two prisoners confined in the jail of Brunswick county made their es-cape last night. They were both white men. They got out at the top of the building through a trap-door and let themselves down with blankets, having received outside assistance. There were

seven other prisoners in the jail, who did not make their escape.

One of the most fatal diseases in the extreme eastern portion of the State is hemorrhagic fever. It is reported as almost epidemic in Pamlico county.

Roanoke river is as low as ever known below Palmyra, where most of the carrying is by means of the river. Great inconvenience is felt on account of the difficulty in transportation. Rain is badly needed.

War on the Civil-Service Commissio

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., September 19 The Star asserts that Representative Warner intends to make war upon the Civil-Service Commission, and that he expects to be able to bring about its reorganization. Mr. Warner is credited with saying that the present commis-sioners arrogate to themselves all the power of the Executive, and, by enveloping themselves in the cloak of secrecy, make it possible for them to manipulate appointments to suit them-selves, without the least danger of their s becoming known. The commissioners, he says, must go, and men must be put in their places who will treat the Democrats with fairness and put a proper construction upon the law. There is nothing in the law, he says, to preclude the head of a department from demanding a list of all candidates who have passed a satisfactory examination, and selecting from the whole number those he wants.

A Desperado's Deadly Deed.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Septembe 9 .- A special to the Times-Union from Lake City says : "On Friday afternoon Duval Selph and Bogue Selph. father and son, waylaid Joseph and Thomas Dougherty in that place and fired on them from behind a tree. The Doughertys were on horseback and put spurs to their horses and fled uninjured. Friday night Bogue Selph picked a quarrel with a young man from Suwaukee Shoals, named W. M. Kirkland, in Mo-Clamma's restaurant, in Lake City. The proprietor ejected the parties and sent for the town marshal, but before he got there Selph deliberately shot and killed Kirkland and fled. Duval Selph had been arrested and lodged in jail and a sheriff's posse are hunting for Bogue Selph. The town is excited, and an indignation meeting has been held, and the people have pledged themselves to hunt down the murderer and vindicate the law."

Base-Ball Yesterday. By telegraph to the Dispatch. Baltimore: Baltimore, 3; Cincinnati,

Philadelphia: Athletics, 10; St. ouis, 11. Newark (N. J.): Newarks, 2; Wa-New York : Metropolitan, 9 ; Louis-

Brooklyn : Brooklyn, 8 ; Pittsburgh.

Washington: National, 3; Trenton Buffalo: Buffalo, 2; Philadelphia Detroit : Detroit, 5 : New York, 6.

Chicago: Chicago, 10; Boston, 3.

St. Louis: St. Louis, 7; Provi lence, 0. Assistant-Postmaster-General Hay Ill [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] PITTSBURGH, PA., September 19 Ex-First - Assistant-Postmaster-Genera Hay is lying at his home in a prostratecondition. He arrived from Cresson Springs last night on a special train

is critical.

residence on a stretcher. His friends say he is not seriously ill, but several

persons who saw him say his condition

(By telegraph to the Dispatch. WASHINGTON, September 19 .- The Signal Office reports a cyclonic disturbance in the West Gulf, pear Indianola. Violent northeasterly gales are alread reported. The storm track is not fully defined, but will probably move northeasterly. Signals are now ordered on y on the Gulf coast.

(By calife to the Dispatch.) MADRID, September 19 .- The huts occupied by the populace of Arenas Del Rey since the recent earthquake have been destroyed by fire, and the people are again homeless.

THE SITUATION IN ENGLAND. MR. GLADSTONE'S MANIFESTO Established Church, the opposition is

CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE

Its I fect-The Liberal Party The United-Comments of the Press-The Prim

are reported to be fairly well educated (By cable to the Dispatch. on the question of the relations between LONDON, September 19.-Mr. Glad-stone's manifesto, the most delphic utcapital and labor; able to appreciate the need of capital, while less willing terance he ever made, has proven the than ever to be influenced by money in most successful pamphleteering of his life. The document was secretly istheir political opinions or actions. An electoral factor of growing im portance is found in the spread of the Tory Primrose League. This organizasued to his political colleagues as early as Monday last. Its first perceptible effect was the palpable approachment between Joseph Chamberlain, Lord Hartington, and Sir William Vernon tion is growing daily more powerful. Through comprehensive organization it "habitations," in even the remotest districts. These habitations are con-Barcourt, three of the most powerful eaders, next to the ex-Premier himself, in the Liberal party. All three are ambitious men, and they had been ducted on the principle of the American campaign clubs, and managed with pulling spart. Each was taking a large the view to disseminate party literafollowing along. The Radicals were ture and information and to keep alive going with Chamberlain, the Whigs the party spirit and pride. Everything with Hartington, and Harcourt was enpossible is done to make membership deavoring to hold the Moderates tempting and permanent. Ladies are The Liberal party was being rent to pieces. The manifesto puts a stop to the ripping perform missionary work in their in-terest, and all that money, social inand diverging triumvirate, at once se to work to replace the stitches, and do to catch or coerce votes is unsparingly done by the Primrose League. with each effort it came close together. To-day, a week only having elapsed, the Liberal party, in Great Britain at least, is a unit. Chamberlain may be The Pepniace of Philipotis in Rebellionsaid to be the most rebellious leader in the whole Liberal party before Gladstone's utterance. Chamberlain's Radical campaign tour included Glaslace of Philipopolis, the capital of East-ern Roumelia, almost to a man rose in gow, where no doubt was entertained that he would repeat his pronounced independence, but the oranor-General, deposed the Government, tor spoke in Glasgow after he had and proclaimed a union with Bulgaria. perused the manifesto, and his speech displayed a practical abandonment of A provisional government was estabhis independent Radical views and the adoption of the policy of Opportunism, and so it has been movement except the Government offiwith Lord Hartington and Sir cials. Foreigners in the city are perliam Vernon Harcourt. They have also indicated complete submission to Gladstone, and have become Opdiately after the organization of the portionists. There are two explana tions of these remarkable submiss No one doubts that if these three leaders had been permitted to persevere in the courses they mapped out for them-selves the Liberal party would have been dismembered. It was pretty generally thought that Gladstone was

no leader but him, and that without

him a restoration to power is impossi-

nently, would offer a most reasonable

explanation of the conduct of the three

would be playing for a stake worth while

In this latter event the leadership to at-

tain would be that of a united party,

adhesive with power-a thing immense

ly different from factional suc-

Many things go to

that the latter supposition is cor-rect. The explanation of the turn

affairs have taken in one of the open-

ing sentences of the manifesto Mr. Glad-

stone uses the following significant

statement : "It will not be possible for

me to repeat in the new Parliament the

everywhere accepted as a distinct as-

severation by Gladstone that he in-

tends, if victorious in this cam-

work of forming a ministry, and

after remaining in office long enough to assure successful working of his re-

established governmental machinery to

s everywhere apparent that the ex-

Premier's effort has secured marvel-

unity in the Liberal party and given

ous and instantaneous restoration of

fighting trim. It is thoroughly revivified.

Its electoral agents in county districts

report better prospects in the oblitera-

tion of dissensions and the consolida-

tions upon single candidates. It is also

rumored that 'the powers of local

caucuses are being revived, and they

ing to factional inclination, and disarm

the Conservatives of cogent criticism.

The extreme Radical newspaper Dis-

patch, commenting on the address, says

that it prefers at present the leadership

of Gladstone to even that of Chamber-

lain. "He may not be as Radical as

we wish," says the Dispatch, "but

Radicalism loses nothing by biding its

The Moderate Spectator declares that

Perhaps the most

the result of the manifesto will be to

enable the Liberal party to march for-

ward like a wall. Perhaps the most remarkable proof of the power of the manifesto is that afforded by the

Bourses which deal specially in Egyp-

tian, Turkish, and Russian securities.

In these markets Egyptian stocks fell

14 points and Turkish and Rus-

sian securities fell 1 of a point al-most immediately after the publication

of the tenor of the document. Specu-

lators, whose sales brought about these

declines, explain that the situation

created by the manifesto is one of pro-

bable return of Gladstone to office.

which, they say, means British evacu-

ation of Egypt and an uncertain foreign policy on the part of England. This extraordinary taking of time by the

forelock would appear to establish the

fact that Gladstone is the most powerful

found a surprising amount of

ciate their new political responsibili-

ties: have clear views respecting the

ween the great parties, particularly

those relating to the land question, and

entertain no bitter feelings sgainst land-

political principles at issue

litical intelligence and information

much curious information. Libe

retire permanently to private life.

paign, to confine himself to

labors of previous sessions.

to Prince Alexander of Bulgaria. It is generally believed in diplomatic gramme of the rising, and suggested a union with Bulgaria. No definite statement can at present be made as to what tired of public life and had decided to action the signatory Powers of the remain out of it. He was implored to reconsider this determination and to as the matter. Eastern Roumelia was stopping under an assu created by the Congress of Berlin in of the principal hotels. sume the management of the present campaign for his party. Success in this 1878, and was given an autonomic gov campaign was essential to the continued ernment, though forming an integral existence of the Liberal party. Absopart of the Turkish empire. The Govlute unity was a requisite of success. ernor-General was appointed by the Gladstone demanded submission as the Porte, subject to the approval of the price of his leadership. It is, of course. treaty Powers. possible to suppose that Chamberlain, Hartington, and Harcourt consented to Sofia, September 19.—The Bulgarian army has been mobilized and a drop their differences out of a pure desire to accomplish the success of the

corps has been sent to the Roumelian frontier. Prince Alexander has proparty as a whole, and to obtain this receeded to Phillipolis, and has appointed sult pay Gladstone's price, but no as commissioner M. Strausky, who is now president of the Roumelian Prodoubt can be entertained that each of these three men has been ambitious to vincial Government.
PARIS, September 19.—It is thought succeed the "grand old man" in the party leadership.
Circumstances have demonstrated here that Roumelian affairs will lead to a

ROUMELIAN REVOLT.

[By cable to the Dispatch.]

LONDON, September 19 .- The popu-

general European imbroglio. The East that the party will at present accept most inflammable.

LONDON, September 19.—It is stated that Prince Alexander of Bulgaria has ble. The supposition that Gladstone been assured of the support of Russia.

has consented to lead his party Germany, and Austria. He will send back to power, and determined after an army to Roumelia, and will defy the Turks. The Sultan of Turkey has apits lodgement there to retire permapealed to the Powers to enforce the treaty of Berlin. It is not believed ubmissive leaders, for in this case they that Lord Salisbury will not interfere. The Liberal's applaud the action of the Roumelians. GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Agginst Wolseley.

(By cable to the Dispatch.) LONDON, September 19 .- General posts to Kishmakud, which is thirty a position which will afford the prompt deemed advisable.

Roberts, the present commander-in-chief of her Majesty's forces in India. was made the signal for an outburst of discontent among the returned officers of the Suakim-Berber expedition against General Wolseley. Sir E. Hawley, under the

dume of "Scrutator," has published in the Times a series of charges against the decorated commander of the Khartoum expedition. Among them is one that General Wolseley suppressed the names which General Graham recommended for promotion on account of actual services and substituted for them the names of a number of his personal and court favorites. · Scrutator" says that the rea-

are resuming the work of selecting candidates and organizing the canvasses. son Wolseley meanly ignored the The Tory press criticise Gladstone's services of the troops and officers address as "perplexing," "ambiguengaged in the Suakim-Berber exous," "halting," "prolix." "one of the most inaccurate political documents dition was that neither he nor the Duke of Connaught nor any ever issued to the public," "a mere of the other military favorites of royal travesty on home and foreign affairs." ty had any share in that campaign. It Even Liberal journals admit that the is quite evident that the prevailing sen-timent of the army officers in London is bitter against Wolseley. Efforts are manifesto is vague and diffuse, but that it has been extraordinarily effective, has been overwhelmingly demonstrated, being made to have his conduct of the and that the result undoubtedly was Nile campaign made the subject of parwhat Gladstone aimed at. liamentary discussion, with a view to very vagueness and diffuseness securing a searching official inquiry which characterized the document have this merit, that they permit each section of the Liberal party to interpret the whole production favorably, accord-

The British Admirality having decided to not continue the charters of the fast vessels secured for cruising purposes during the Anglo-Russian disute, foreign governments are acquiring itles to many of them. Italy has ought the Stirling Castle, the fastest steamer in the China trade. Russia has offered a handsome sum for some of the steamers engaged in the Mexican trade and for other Atlantic crafts suitable for cruisers.

Cholera Notes.

ROME, September 19 .- During the east twenty-four hours 224 new cases f cholera and 169 deaths from the isease were reported at Palermo-a large increase over the preceding twenty-four hours. There were thirteen new cases of cholera and six deaths from the disease

reported in Parma to-day, two new eases and one death in Reggio Nell Emilia, and one new case each in Geneo, Leghorn, and Massa di Carrara. The Diritto states that during the past twenty-four hours there were 340 ew cases of the disease and 160 deaths n Palermo.

MADRID, September 19 .- Throughout Spain yesterday there were 998 new cases of cholera reported and 337 deaths from that disease.

The Spanish Occupy Yap.

man out of power in the world. The Bri-[By cable to the Dispatch.] MADRID, September 19.—It is retish political campaign is developing ported that it was announced at the electioneering agents who have returned Cabinet council held yesterday that the Spanish had occupied Yap, and that the from previncial tours of inquiry report Spanish man-of-war Valient was to replace the Velasco, which had been seamong the newly-enfranchised laborers lected for the service of carrying stores in the midland counties. These new to that station. voters, it is reported, generally appre-

> (By cable to the Dispatch.) LONDON, September 19 .- The bark Tridente, from Pensacola July 15th for Dordrecht, has been abandoned at sea. One of her crew was lost.

lords as such. It is even said that FED HIM ON OROUND GLASS. us Efforts of a Montreal Lady

A Montreal special of the 18th says: Charles Willson, who resides on City Councillor street, is possessed of a young and beautiful wife. The couple one of principle, and finds no personal vent against the clergy as State pen-sioners. More than this, the new voters

establishing lodges, which are called fuced to join the "habitations" and luence, political literature, and talk can ministering to him doses of ground

This was a horrible discovery for him, and not daring to approach Mr. Willson, he went to the latter's brotherin-law, a well-known contractor, and confided to him the letters. He lost no rebellion yesterday, seized the Gover- time in calling upon his afflicted brother-in-law, who had already the appearance of a man in the last stages of consumption, and revealed to him the lished. The revolt was so well planned secret of his illness. Mr. Willson that no disorders or bloodshed occurred, everybody being in sympathy with the could not be prevailed upon, however, to mistrust the affections of his wife, but when the letters were produced and he recognized her handwriting and fectly safe from harm, as is also the read the endearing terms in which property of foreign residents. Imme- she addressed young Smith, together with her descriptions of how she provisional government the militia was was progressing with her work of slow worn in, taking an oath of allegiance murder, he gave in. He finally decided to leave his wife in the hands of his brother-in-law to do as he thought best. circles that Russia arranged the pro- The guilty and inhuman wife, that her murderous plans had been discovered and that her husband knew all, decided to never again see his face and hurriedly left the city, thereby avoiding treaty of Berlin will take respecting prosecution. She is now in Boston, the matter. Eastern Roumelia was stopping under an assumed name at one

> Found Ranging to a Tree. (By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

HOLLISTER, CAL., September 19 .-D. A. W. Powers, who had resided in this section for many years, was found hanging to a tree dead on the Bear-Valley road yesterday. For some time he had had much trouble with his neighbors, they accusing him of poisoning their stock, which had trespassed on his grounds. Last week an incendiary fire destroyed considerable property longing to John T. Prewitt, a neighbor of Powers, and Powers was suspected of having started the fire. It is stated that on Sunday last some of the residents held a secret meeting and determined on his death. The entire community is intensely excited over the matter. Powers was a native of Vermont, a widower, and seventy years of age. He is said to have a brother in Chicago who is a millionaire.

Died from the Effects of Hazing.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] HAZELTON, PA., September 19.—A young son of Edward Turnbach died here to-day from the effects of hazing received last Wednesday at the hands of several of his schoolmates. The scholars of the public school to which young Turnbach had just been admitted make a practice of initiating new scholars by naking them run the gauntlet through McPherson has been instructed by the two lines of ten to twenty boys on each Indian Government to advance his out- side, they punching the victim with their fists as he passes through. iles beyond the Pischeen cantonment, injured the little fellow so badly in the occupation of Candahar whenever that is great agony to-day. No action has been taken in the matter, but it is The arrival in Lendon of General likely an investigation will be made by

Verdiet of Not Guilty

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] BISMARCK, DAK., September 19.— The jury in the Marquis de Mores murder trial retired at 2:30 P. M. to-day. and in five minutes returned a verdict of not guilty. It is said that but one vote was taken in the jury-room and not a word was spoken. composed of leading business-men of the city, and the verdict is regarded as

LATE WEATHER REPORT.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] WASHINGTON, September 20-1 A. M .- For the Middle Atlantic States. generally fair weather, except in the extreme southeastern partion local rains, variable winds, and nearly stationary temperature.

For the South Atlantic States, occasional local rains, easterly winds, and nearly stationary temperature.

For Richmond and vicinity, fair weather, stationary temperature.

The Weather in Richmond Yesterday

was clear and warm. Range of Thermometer Yesterday. 3 P. M.

Midnight Mean temperature.

TO-DAY THE WHINING SCHOOL-BOY, creeping like snall unwillingly Conway's titles-Called Back and Dark

But his parents rejoice to know that hi Suit or extra Pants, together with Hat and "Fixings," are lower in price and be-

OUR FALL STOCK IS NOW READY.

BRING THE BOYS TO US.

A. SAKS & CO., THE BOYS OUTFITTERS. 1013 MAIN STREET. opposite the post-office

> ONE PRICE TO ALL [00 18]

FINANCIAL AND COMMENCE

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York. September 19 - For greater part of the day the stock mar-has been dult and strong-opening qual-tonascensity (a), ingirer than they do-nat evening, and there were further fra-Charles Willson, who resides on City Councillor street, is possessed of a young and beautiful wife. The couple move in the best society. Some time ago the husband became suddenly and unaccountably afflicted with a very queer illness. He consulted his physician, who, while treating him to the best of his ability, was unable to enlighten him as to the manner in which he had contracted the disease. Young Willson, however, in spite of the efforts of his medical adviser, continued to grow worse until an astounding revelation solved the difficulty.

It appears that Mrs. Willson was enamored of Bertie Smith, a highly-respectable young man with whom she spent some time at Murray Bay, in company with a Mrs. Beaudry, lately a widow, who had also found a lover in the person of a well-known alderman. Affairs were progressing swimmingly until Mr. Smith, father of Bertie, becoming alarmed at the extravagance of his son, conceived the happy idea of opening his trunk, when to his surprise he came across a number of letters from Mrs. Willson, in which she frequently stated that she was slowly doing away with Mr. Willson (her husband) by administering to him doses of ground elass.

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WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT. NEW YORK, September 19.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Loans increase, \$1,740 000; specto decrease, \$1,730,600; legal tenders decrease, \$1,215,300; deposits decrease, \$1,225,000; circulation decrease, \$17,300; reserve decrease, \$2,972,973.

The banks now hold \$47,777,923 in excess of the 25 per cent, rule.

BALTIMORE. BALTIMORE, September 19.—Virginia 6's consols. 48: past-due coupons, 59; new 10-40's, 35%; new 3's, 59%. Bid to-day.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE. RICHMOND STOKE EACH AND STATEMENT, September 19, 1896.
SALES.—5 shares Richmond and Petersburg railread at 87; 100 shares Atlanta and Chariotte at 77½; 2,000 Virginia new 8 sat 59½, 5,500 do. at 59½, 2,000 do. at 59½, 1,000 do. at 59½, 1,000 do. at 59%; 388 Virginia 8 per cent, scrip at 59%; 1,000 Atlanta and Charlotte 7's at 116, 1,000 do, at 116; 50 shares Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta at 25%, 10 sh

STATE SECURITIES. irginia 10-40's. 89%

RAILEGAD BONDS.

9934 80 A. and C. Income 6 s. Western North Carolina 7 s. Western North Carolina 6 s. Georgia Pacific 18 i 6 s. Georgia Pacific 2 d 6 s. RAILBOAD STOCKS. Pa

GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE. RICHMOND, September 19, 1885

OFFERINGS. WHEAT,- White, 548 bushels. Mixed, con bushels, Red, 1264 bushels. Total, ,600 bushels, ,512 bushels, Conn.—White, 2,000 bushels, ,000 bushels,

SALES REPORTED TO SECRETARY. 194 bushels common to very good Short-berry at 70 to 95c. Coks.—White, 500 bushels very good Vir-ginia on private terms. OATS.—Spring. 200 bushels very good

COTTON REPORT. QUOTATIONS.

NEW MIDDLING. -9%c.

STRICT MIDDLING. -9%c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK. New York, September 19. Cotton steady; new cotton offered by under quotations; uplands, 101-10c; Orleans, 10 3 16c; sales, 2-2 bales; net consolidated receipts 15,007 new cotton offered at the constraints appared in 10-10cs, Orleans 10-3-10c, sales, 2-2 baies; not consolidated receipts 15,007 bales; coports—10-00-st Britain, 27,195 bales southers floor steady and quiet. Whents—spot advanced (1-2-2); ungraded red \$5a,035c; No. 2 red, 94c; No. 2 red, october, 94a,05c; November, 95a,000-jc, Corn—spot a shade lower and quiet; ungraded, 45a,45c; No. 2 betober, 49c; November, 49a,19c; Oats 5a,9c; higher and less active; No. 2 september, 295c; October, 20cja. Hops quiet and easy. Coffee-spot fair; Rio dui at \$5.0. Sugarquiet, firm, and unchanged; redined quiet and stendy. Moiasses duil and nominal. Rice steady; demand tair. Cotton-seed oil unchanged; Rosin duil. Turpentine Guil at 35c. Hides firm; demand moderate. Wool in fair request and firm. Pork quiet, but very steady; news, \$10a \$10.25 for inspected; family mess, \$1.05 \$10.25 for inspected; family mess, \$1.25 \$10.25 for inspected; family mes

ber, \$6.35a\$6.37. Freights drm.

BALTIMORE.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI. September 19.—Flour active and strong. Wheat in good demand and firm; No. 2 red, 91c. Corn in moderate demand; No. 2 mixed, 46%. Oats firm, with good demand; No. 2 mixed, 27c. Pork duli and held higher at \$4.25. Lard nominal at \$6.15. Bulk-meats in good demand; shoulders, \$3.50; short rib, \$6.55; short clear, \$4.65. Whiskey nominal shoulders, \$6.25. Whiskey nominal \$1.05. Hogsquiet; common and light, \$3.40 a\$44.40; packing and batchers, \$3.50a\$4.40. CINCINNATI.

at4.40; packing and butchers, \$3.80a\$4.40.

CHICAGO. September 19.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat active and advanced slightly; closed steady; September, 80d, as14c.; October, 815a823c.; November, 80d, as14c.; October, 815a823c.; November, 80d, as14c.; October, 815a823c.; November, 80d, as14c.; No. 2 red, 964gc. Cora weaker, with slight fluctuations; September closed 5.c. lower than yesterday; ash, 52ga 425c.; November, 254a30gc. October, 414a42c.; November, 254a30gc. October, 414a42c.; November, 254a25gc.; October, 25a225gc. Mess-pork fairly active early; advanced 20 a223gc. receded 14a12gc., and closed steady; cash, 38,95a29 (October, 58,7aa91,01; November, 38,75a58,85. Lard quiet out firm; cash, 56,22ga36,25.) October, 56,22ga36,25. Boxed meats steady; dry-saited shoulders, 38,75a44; short ribsides, 56,77aa53,09; short clear sides, 36,16a36,15. Whiskey firm at \$1.10. ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS.

St. LOUIS. September 19.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat closed Male, above vesterday; No. 2 red, cash, Suspice, October, Suspice. Corn dull and easy; No. 2 mixed, cash, 415ga424c; September, 414c.; October, 39ac. Oats firm but slow; No. 2 mixed, cash, 244ga44yc. Whiskey steady at \$1.08. Provisions buoyant and higher, Pork, \$9.40. Lard salable at \$0.35. Bulk-meats—Long clear, \$5.50; short rib, \$5.80; short clear, \$6. Sacon—Long clear, \$6. Sacon

LOUISVILLE. LOUIS VILLE. September 19.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 89c. Corn—No. 2 white, 469c. Cata—New No. 2 mixed, 269c. Provisions quiet and lower. Bacon—clear-rib sides, 54.25. Earlier sides, 54.50; shoulders, 54.25. Earlier sides, 56.50; shoulders, 57.50; clear sides, 56.75; clear sides, 56.75; clear sides, 57.50; clear sides, 56.75; clear sides, 57.75; clear s

WILMINGTON.
WILMINGTON, N. C., September 19,—
pentine firm at 36c. Rosin—Strained, 8
good 875c. Tar firm at \$1.35. Crudepentine—Hard, \$1; yellow-dip and viz
\$1.50.

MILWAUKEE. MILWAUXEE, September 19.—Flour in fair cenand and firm. wheat firm; cash, 82c.; October, 82/9c. Corn dult; No. 2, 45c. Oats dult; No. 2, 25/9c. Provisions higher. Mess-pork—Cash or October, 9.03, Prime steam lard—Cash or October, 56.25.

NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, GOTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, September 19.—CoatonGross receipts, 3.614 bales. Futures closs
crasy; sales, 37,100 bales; September
30.61; October, 59 52a50.53; November
30.57a50.55; Levember, 59.6a59.64; Jans
ary, 59.72a50.73; February, 59.82a50.85
March, 59.93a59.94; April, 510.04a510.33
May, 510.14a510.15; June, 510.23a510.24
July, \$10.35a510.35.